

commending the bravery, courage, and resolve of the women and men of Iran demonstrating in more than 80 cities and risking their safety to speak out against the Iranian regime's human rights abuses.

S. RES. 183

At the request of Mr. WYDEN, the name of the Senator from California (Mr. PADILLA) was added as a cosponsor of S. Res. 183, a resolution condemning the Government of Iran's state-sponsored persecution of its Baha'i minority and its continued violation of the International Covenants on Human Rights.

S. RES. 837

At the request of Mr. SCOTT of South Carolina, the name of the Senator from Florida (Mr. SCOTT) was added as a cosponsor of S. Res. 837, a resolution recognizing Israeli-American culture and heritage, the contributions of the Israeli-American community to the United States, and condemning antisemitic violence and discrimination.

AMENDMENT NO. 6514

At the request of Mr. JOHNSON, the name of the Senator from Florida (Mr. SCOTT) was added as a cosponsor of amendment No. 6514 intended to be proposed to H.R. 7776, a bill to provide for improvements to the rivers and harbors of the United States, to provide for the conservation and development of water and related resources, and for other purposes.

#### STATEMENTS ON INTRODUCED BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS

By Mr. CORNYN (for himself, Mr. KING, and Mrs. GILLIBRAND):

S. 5250. A bill to modify requirements for certain employment activities by former intelligence officers and employees of the intelligence community, and for other purposes; to the Select Committee on Intelligence.

Mr. CORNYN. President, I ask unanimous consent to print my bill for introduction in the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD. The bill modifies requirements for certain employment activities by former intelligence officers and employees of the intelligence community.

There being no objection, the text of the bill was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

S. 5250

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

#### SECTION 1. MODIFICATION OF REQUIREMENTS FOR CERTAIN EMPLOYMENT ACTIVITIES BY FORMER INTELLIGENCE OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Subsections (a) and (b) of section 304 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3073a) are amended to read as follows:

“(a) POST-EMPLOYMENT RESTRICTIONS.—

“(1) COVERED POST-SERVICE POSITION.—

“(A) PERMANENT RESTRICTION.—Except as provided by paragraph (2)(A)(i), an employee of an element of the intelligence community who occupies a covered intelligence position may not occupy a covered post-service posi-

tion for a designated prohibited foreign country following the date on which the employee ceases to occupy a covered intelligence position.

“(B) TEMPORARY RESTRICTION.—Except as provided by paragraph (2)(A)(ii), an employee of an element of the intelligence community who occupies a covered intelligence position may not occupy a covered post-service position during the 30-month period following the date on which the employee ceases to occupy a covered intelligence position.

“(2) WAIVER.—

“(A) AUTHORITY TO GRANT TEMPORARY WAIVER.—

“(i) WAIVERS OF PERMANENT RESTRICTION.—On a case-by-case basis, the Director of National Intelligence may temporarily waive the restriction in paragraph (1)(A) with respect to an employee or former employee who is subject to that restriction only after—

“(I) the employee or former employee submits to the Director a written application for such waiver in such form and manner as the Director determines appropriate;

“(II) the Director determines that not granting such waiver would result in a grave detrimental impact to current or future intelligence operations of the United States; and

“(III) the Director provides the congressional intelligence committees with a detailed justification stating why not granting such waiver would result in a grave detrimental impact to current or future intelligence operations of the United States.

“(ii) WAIVERS OF TEMPORARY RESTRICTION.—On a case-by-case basis, the Director may temporarily waive the restriction in paragraph (1)(B) with respect to an employee or former employee who is subject to that restriction only after—

“(I) the employee or former employee submits to the Director a written application for such waiver in such form and manner as the Director determines appropriate; and

“(II) the Director determines that such waiver is necessary to advance the national security interests of the United States.

“(B) PERIOD OF WAIVER.—A waiver issued under subparagraph (A) shall apply for a period not exceeding 5 years. The Director may renew such a waiver.

“(C) REVOCATION.—The Director may revoke a waiver issued under subparagraph (A) to an employee or former employee, effective on the date that is 60 days after the date on which the Director provides the employee or former employee written notice of such revocation.

“(D) TOLLING.—The 30-month restriction in paragraph (1)(B) shall be tolled for an employee or former employee during the period beginning on the date on which a waiver is issued under subparagraph (A) and ending on the date on which the waiver expires or on the effective date of a revocation under subparagraph (C), as the case may be.

“(E) NOTIFICATION.—Not later than 30 days after the date on which the Director issues a waiver under subparagraph (A) or a revocation of a waiver under subparagraph (C), the Director shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees written notification of the waiver or revocation, as the case may be. Such notification shall include the following:

“(i) With respect to a waiver issued to an employee or former employee—

“(I) the details of the application, including the covered intelligence position held or formerly held by the employee or former employee;

“(II) the nature of the activities of the employee or former employee after ceasing to occupy a covered intelligence position;

“(III) a description of the national security interests that will be advanced by reason of issuing such waiver; and

“(IV) the specific reasons why the Director determines that issuing such waiver will advance such interests.

“(ii) With respect to a revocation of a waiver issued to an employee or former employee—

“(I) the details of the waiver, including any renewals of such waiver, and the dates of such waiver and renewals; and

“(II) the specific reasons why the Director determined that such revocation is warranted.

“(b) COVERED POST-SERVICE EMPLOYMENT REPORTING.—

“(1) REQUIREMENT.—During the period described in paragraph (2), an employee who ceases to occupy a covered intelligence position shall—

“(A) report covered post-service employment to the head of the element of the intelligence community that employed such employee in such covered intelligence position upon accepting such covered post-service employment; and

“(B) annually (or more frequently if the head of such element considers it appropriate) report covered post-service employment to the head of such element.

“(2) PERIOD DESCRIBED.—The period described in this paragraph is the period beginning on the date on which an employee ceases to occupy a covered intelligence position.

“(3) REGULATIONS.—The head of each element of the intelligence community shall issue regulations requiring, as a condition of employment, each employee of such element occupying a covered intelligence position to sign a written agreement requiring the regular reporting of covered post-service employment to the head of such element pursuant to paragraph (1).”

(b) DEFINITION OF DESIGNATED PROHIBITED FOREIGN COUNTRY.—Subsection (g) of such section is amended—

(1) by redesignating paragraphs (4) through (6) as paragraphs (5) through (7), respectively; and

(2) by inserting after paragraph (3) the following:

“(4) DESIGNATED PROHIBITED FOREIGN COUNTRY.—The term ‘designated prohibited foreign country’ means the following:

“(A) The People's Republic of China.

“(B) The Russian Federation.

“(C) The Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

“(D) The Islamic Republic of Iran.

“(E) The Republic of Cuba.

“(F) The Syrian Arab Republic.”

(c) ADDITIONAL WRITTEN NOTICE.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Subsection (d) of such section is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(3) WRITTEN NOTICE ABOUT RESTRICTIONS.—The head of each element of the intelligence community shall provide written notice of the restrictions under subsection (a) to any person who may be subject to such restrictions on or after the date of enactment of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2023—

“(A) when the head of the element determines that such person may become subject to such covered intelligence position restrictions; and

“(B) before the person ceases to occupy a covered intelligence position.”

(2) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Paragraph (2) of such subsection is amended in the paragraph heading by adding “ABOUT REPORTING REQUIREMENTS” after “WRITTEN NOTICE”.

(d) REVISED REGULATIONS.—

(1) DEFINITION OF COVERED INTELLIGENCE POSITION.—In this subsection,

(A) CONGRESSIONAL INTELLIGENCE COMMITTEES AND INTELLIGENCE COMMUNITY.—The terms “congressional intelligence committees” and “intelligence community” have the meanings given such terms in section 3 of the National Security Act of 1947 (50 U.S.C. 3003).

(B) COVERED INTELLIGENCE POSITION.—The term “covered intelligence position” has the meaning given such term by such section 304.

(2) SUBMISSION.—Not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the head of each element of the intelligence community shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees new or updated regulations issued to carry out such section 304, as amended by subsections (a), (b), and (c) of this section.

(3) REQUIREMENTS.—The regulations issued under paragraph (1) shall—

(A) include provisions that advise personnel of the intelligence community of the appropriate manner in which such personnel may opt out of positions that—

(i) have been designated as covered intelligence positions before the effective date established in subsection (e) of this section; or

(ii) may be designated as covered intelligence provisions before such designation becomes final; and

(B) establish a period of not fewer than 30 days and not more than 60 days after receipt of the written notice required under paragraph (3) of subsection (d) of such section 304, as added by subsection (c)(1) of this section, within which such personnel may opt out of a covered intelligence position and the accompanying obligations imposed by subsection (a)(1)(A) of such section 304, as amended by subsection (a) of this section.

(4) CERTIFICATION.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of National Intelligence shall submit to the congressional intelligence committees—

(A) a written certification for each head of an element of the intelligence community who has issued new or updated regulations pursuant to paragraph (2); and

(B) for each head of an element of the intelligence community who has not issued such new or updated regulations, an explanation for the failure to issue such new or updated regulations.

(e) EFFECTIVE DATE OF PERMANENT RESTRICTIONS.—Subsection (a)(1)(A) of such section 304, as amended by subsection (a) of this section, shall apply only to persons who occupy a covered intelligence position on or after the date that is 45 days after the date on which new or updated regulations are issued under subsection (d)(2) of this section.

(f) REPEAL.—Section 402 of the Intelligence Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1997 (Public Law 104–293) is hereby repealed.

#### SUBMITTED RESOLUTIONS

#### SENATE RESOLUTION 871—CONDEMNING THE ILLEGAL ABDUCTION OF CHILDREN FROM UKRAINE TO THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION

Mr. PETERS (for himself and Mrs. BLACKBURN) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations:

S. RES. 871

Whereas, on January 12, 1951, the Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide (commonly known as the “Genocide Convention”), of which the Russian Federation is a signatory, came into effect;

Whereas, on February 24, 2022, the Russian Federation renewed their illegal and unprovoked large-scale invasion of Ukraine;

Whereas, on March 9, 2022, Russian forces attacked a maternity hospital in Mariupol, Ukraine, resulting in the deaths of 3 individuals and injuries to 17 other individuals;

Whereas, on March 22, 2022, the Ukrainian Foreign Ministry announced that the Russian military had forcefully and illegally kidnapped 2,389 Ukrainian children from temporarily occupied areas of Ukraine;

Whereas, on June 2, 2022, Ukrainian President Volodymyr Zelenskyy stated that 200,000 children are among the Ukrainians who have been forcefully resettled in Russia;

Whereas forcibly transferring children of one group to another group is a violation of Article II(e) of the Genocide Convention;

Whereas, Maria Lvova-Belova, Children’s Rights Commissioner for the President of Russia, admitted to kidnapping Ukrainian children and facilitating forced adoptions to Russian families;

Whereas Ukrainian authorities have stated that a number of the kidnapped Ukrainian children have families who remain in Ukraine, but have been separated due to the renewed Russian invasion;

Whereas on June 16, 2022, Russian authorities announced that children born in occupied Ukrainian territories after the February 24, 2022, invasion will be deemed Russian citizens;

Whereas, on June 22, 2022, the United Nations Human Rights Office of the High Commissioner has verified that at least 320 children have been killed since Russia’s renewed invasion began;

Whereas, on July 11, 2022, United Nations Secretary General António Guterres ordered an investigation into the deaths and injuries of Ukrainian children; and

Whereas, on July 13, 2022, Secretary of State Antony J. Blinken issued a statement calling upon Russia to “immediately halt its systemic filtration operations in Ukraine”, which have caused the disappearance, detention, or forcible deportation of between 900,000 and 1,600,000 Ukrainians (approximately 260,000 of whom are children): Now, therefore, be it

*Resolved*, That the Senate—

(1) holds the Government of the Russian Federation, under the leadership of Vladimir Putin, responsible for the wrongful and illegal kidnapping of children from Ukraine and officially condemns these actions in the strongest terms;

(2) declares that the facilitation of illegal adoptions is contrary to Russia’s obligations under the Genocide Convention and amounts to genocide;

(3) claims that the Russian Federation is attempting to wipe out a generation of Ukrainian children, thereby crippling Ukraine’s ability to nurture the next generation of Ukrainian citizens and leaders and to rebuild their country after Russia’s unprovoked war, with the purpose of demolishing Ukraine’s unique language, culture, history, and identity; and

(4) asserts that the invasion of Ukraine by the Russian Federation has significantly increased the risks of children being exposed to human trafficking and exploitation, child labor, gender-based violence, hunger, injury, trauma, deprivation of education and shelter, and death.

#### SENATE RESOLUTION 872—RECOGNIZING INTERSCHOLASTIC ATHLETIC ADMINISTRATORS’ DAY ON DECEMBER 14, 2022

Mr. BRAUN (for himself, Mrs. CAPITO, Mr. SCOTT of South Carolina, Mr.

YOUNG, and Mr. RUBIO) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 872

Whereas, each December, the Senate recognizes the positive contributions of interscholastic athletic administrators;

Whereas the position of school athletic administrator is recognized as an important contributor to the educational community, which, like other academic professions, benefits greatly from continued education and certification;

Whereas the position of school athletic administrator has stewardship over the largest department of staff members and students in high schools in the United States;

Whereas the position of school athletic administrator involves serving as guardian over education-based athletics, which is one of the best dropout prevention programs in schools;

Whereas school athletic programs foster the development of students physically, mentally, socially, and emotionally by enriching students through the life lessons learned through participation and competition;

Whereas, for students, interscholastic athletic participation is an integral part of the educational experience and enhances the learning and maturation process;

Whereas school athletic administrators are committed to developing and maintaining comprehensive education-based athletic programs that seek to achieve the highest development of all student athletes;

Whereas school athletic administrators fulfill the professional responsibilities of those administrators with integrity and with a commitment to equality, safety, and instilling a passion for athletics in the next generation;

Whereas school athletic administrators preserve, enhance, and promote the educational values of athletics in schools through professional growth in the areas of education, leadership, and service;

Whereas school athletic administrators create and maintain high standards of ethics, sportsmanship, and personal conduct and lead coaching staffs, student athletes, and community members in pursuit of those high standards; and

Whereas the athletic programs run by school athletic administrators have impacts that extend well beyond playing fields, athletic venues, and even schools: Now, therefore, be it

*Resolved*, That the Senate—

(1) supports the annual recognition of Interscholastic Athletic Administrators’ Day on December 14, 2022;

(2) commends school athletic administrators for the commitment and leadership provided to student athletes at the secondary school level; and

(3) commends the National Interscholastic Athletic Administrators Association as the leading organization that prepares individuals who lead secondary school athletics throughout the United States, providing continuous learning, compassion, and preparation within the profession.

#### SENATE RESOLUTION 873—TO AUTHORIZE THE PRODUCTION OF RECORDS BY THE SECRETARY OF THE SENATE AND THE SENATE SERGEANT AT ARMS

Mr. SCHUMER (for himself and Mr. MCCONNELL) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to: